



**College of Agriculture and Environmental Sciences
 Department of Entomology
 Thrips as Vectors in Agricultural Commodities Lab**

The following report includes data obtained during the period June 7 – June 28 from Brooks, Colquitt, Decatur, and Tift Counties. Two fields were sampled in each of the 4 counties. Six of the target weeds were collected in one or more counties and included cudweed, chickweed, Florida pusley, morning glory, purslane, and beggarweed. Thrips were extracted from the weeds using Berlese funnels, and the total number of thrips per county ranged from 21 to 43. ELISA was performed on 136 weed samples with 6.6% indicating positive for tomato spotted wilt virus.

County and Field	Number of weed samples collected	Percent TSWV in weed samples	Total number of thrips collected	Number of <i>F. fusca</i>	Number of <i>F. occidentalis</i>
Brooks L1	18	5.5	33	0	0
Brooks L2	24	4.2	10	0	0
Colquitt L1	21	0	3	0	0
Colquitt L2	18	0	18	1	3
Decatur L1	na	na	na	na	na
Decatur L2	16	6.3	5	0	0
Tift L1	21	23.8	13	0	0
Tift L2	18	5.5	13	1	5

* Based on previous research, incidence of TSWV in more than 2% of weeds results in a high incidence year for the crop.

Stan Diffie
 Research Coordinator
 TVAC Lab
diffie@tifon.uga.edu

Lyndsay Wade
 Coordinating Assistant
 Thrips Risk-Assessment Project

Dr. David Riley
 Associate Professor
 Dept. of Entomology
dgr@tifon.uga.edu